IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of the claims in this application:

 (Previously Presented) A container for holding a fluidic biological sample while undergoing nucleic acid amplification, the container consisting of:

a receiving portion having a first volume, the receiving portion being adapted to receive the biological sample therein; and

the capillary tube wall is about 0.1 mm thick, and the reaction portion being in fluidic communication with the receiving portion such that the biological sample placed in the receiving portion can travel to the reaction portion, the reaction portion having an internal volume not greater than a second volume, the second volume being less than the first volume and not greater than 1 milliliter, said reaction portion comprised of material having a thermal conductivity in the range from about 20 to about 35 in accordance with the formula: $\left(\frac{cal\ cm}{cm^2s\ degree\ C}\right)x10^4$.

- 2. (Previously Presented) A container as defined in claim 1 wherein the receiver portion is formed from a plastic material.
- (Previously Presented) A container as defined in claim 2 wherein the receiver portion is in the shape of a funnel structure.
- 4. (Previously Presented) A container for holding a fluidic biological sample while undergoing nucleic acid amplification, the container consisting of:

a receiving portion having a first volume, the receiving portion being adapted to receive the biological sample therein;

the capillary tube wall is about 0.1 mm thick, said reaction portion being in fluidic communication with the receiving portion such that the biological sample placed in the receiving portion can travel to the reaction portion, the reaction portion having an internal volume not greater than a second volume, the second volume being less than the first volume and not greater than 1 milliliter, said reaction portion comprised of material having a thermal conductivity in the range from about 20 to about 35 in accordance with the formula: $\left(\frac{cal\ cm}{cm^2s\ degree\ C}\right)x10^4$; and

a stopper, the stopper being removably inserted into the receiving portion.

- 5. (Previously presented) A container as defined in claim 1 wherein the capillary tube is a glass capillary tube having an inner diameter of about 0.8 mm and an outer diameter of about 1.0 mm and the second volume is not greater than about 10 $\mu\ell$.
- (Original) A container as defined in claim 1 wherein at least a portion of the reaction portion is transparent.

7 and 8. (Canceled).

- (Previously Presented) The container of claim 1 wherein the second
 volume is between about .01 μℓ to about 100 μℓ.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The container of claim 1 wherein the reaction portion comprises a glass capillary tube having a 0.8 mm inner diameter and a 1.0 mm outer diameter.
- 11. (Previously Presented) The container of claim 10 wherein the receiving portion is in the shape of a funnel and the capillary tube comprises a closed first end and a flared second end, the flared second end for receiving the funnel shaped portion of the receiving

portion.

- 12. (Previously Presented) The container of claim 10 wherein the closed first end comprises a flat tip.
 - 13 and 14. (Canceled)
- 15. (Previously Presented) The container of claim 1 wherein the reaction portion has a volume to surface ratio of less than 0.25 mm.
 - 16-18. (Cancelled).
- 19. (Previously presented) The container of claim 1 wherein the capillary tube has an inner diameter in the range from about 0.02 mm to about 0.1 mm.
- 20. (Previously presented) The container of claim 1 wherein the closed end is formed to optimize optical transmissibility for light having a wavelength of about 400 nm to about 800 nm.
 - 21 and 22. (Canceled)
- 23. (New) A container for rapidly heating and cooling a fluidic biological sample contained therein, the container consisting of:

a receiving portion defining a first internal volume, the receiving portion being adapted to receive the biological sample therein;

a reaction portion, consisting of a thin walled capillary tube that is closed at one end, wherein the closed end is formed for optical transmissibility through the closed end, and the capillary tube wall is about 0.1 mm thick or less, said reaction portion being in fluidic communication with the receiving portion such that the biological sample placed in the receiving portion can travel to the reaction portion, the reaction portion having an internal volume not

greater than a second volume, the second volume being less than the first volume and not greater than 100 $\mu\ell$.

24. (New) The container of claim 21 wherein the capillary tube wall is about 0.1 mm thick.